

**FORSYTH COUNTY
BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS****DRAFT**MEETING DATE: DECEMBER 19, 2019AGENDA ITEM NUMBER: 8A- 8B

- SUBJECT: A. RESOLUTION RATIFYING THE APPLICATION FOR THE COMMUNITY LINKAGES TO CARE FOR OVERDOSE PREVENTION AND RESPONSE GRANT AND AUTHORIZING EXECUTION OF NECESSARY DOCUMENTS TO RECEIVE FUNDS FROM THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH, INJURY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION BRANCH**
- B. AMENDMENT TO THE FY 2019-2020 BUDGET ORDINANCE TO APPROPRIATE \$50,000 FROM THE COMMUNITY LINKAGES TO CARE FOR OVERDOSE PREVENTION AND RESPONSE GRANT THROUGH THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH, INJURY AND VIOLENCE PREVENTION BRANCH**
- (FORSYTH COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH)**

COUNTY MANAGER'S RECOMMENDATION OR COMMENTS:**SUMMARY OF INFORMATION:**

The North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health, Injury and Violence Prevention Branch released a Request for Applications (#A371), titled, Community Linkages to Care for Overdose Prevention and Response. The grant guidelines only allow local health departments or districts to apply. The grant funding is for 33 months in the amount up to \$275,000.

The Forsyth County Department of Public Health and Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC) have filed an application seeking funding under the core strategies section to continue to expand the harm reduction services in Forsyth County. TCHRC, which has operated at Green Street Church since 2017, has expanded its outreach via education and harm reduction practice over the last two years, but even more so over the last 10 months due to a previous grant award. TCHRC exchanges clean needles for dirty needles and provides dirty needle disposal, sterile supplies to prevent infection, peer support to help navigate those with addiction to treatment, naloxone distribution, education and literature distribution, and hepatitis and HIV testing options.

The grant will help continue daily operational support for TCHRC and allow TCHRC to hire an additional staff member to focus efforts on substance use and addiction in marginalized communities. Additionally, the proposal seeks to expand education efforts and harm reduction to surrounding counties.

The grant will fund TCHRC's salary, benefits, and supplies, and also cover the costs for the Health Department to administer the grant. The grant will not fund syringes, fentanyl test strips, naloxone, clinical services, or other items as directed in the grant guidance.

**RESOLUTION RATIFYING THE APPLICATION FOR THE COMMUNITY LINKAGES
TO CARE FOR OVERDOSE PREVENTION AND RESPONSE GRANT
AND AUTHORIZING EXECUTION OF NECESSARY DOCUMENTS TO RECEIVE
FUNDS FROM THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND
HUMAN SERVICES, DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH, INJURY AND
VIOLENCE PREVENTION BRANCH
(FORSYTH COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH)**

WHEREAS the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health, Injury and Violence Prevention Branch released a Request for Applications (#A371) titled Community Linkages to Care for Overdose Prevention and Response;

WHEREAS the grant opportunity allows local health departments and districts to pursue funding for 33 months in an amount up to \$275,000;

WHEREAS the Forsyth County Department of Public Health and Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC) propose to continue their partnership and expand harm reduction services in Forsyth County;

WHEREAS the grant will help continue daily operational support for TCHRC and allow TCHRC to hire an additional staff member to focus efforts on substance use and addiction in marginalized communities;

WHEREAS the grant will fund a contractual obligation with TCHRC for salary, benefits, and supplies, and also cover the costs for the Health Department to administer the grant; and

WHEREAS on October 24, 2019, the Forsyth County Department Public Health applied for the Community Linkages to Care for Overdose Prevention and Response grant and received an award of \$275,000 to continue to work with TCHRC to enhance harm reduction effort in Forsyth County, and to expand harm reduction education to surrounding counties;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Forsyth County Board of Commissioners hereby ratifies the application for the Community Linkages to Care for Overdose Prevention and Response grant and authorizes the County Manager and the Clerk to the Board to execute, on behalf of Forsyth County, the necessary documents to receive the grant funds through the North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health, Injury and Violence Prevention Branch in the amount of \$275,000, subject to a pre-audit certificate thereon, by the County Chief Financial Officer, where applicable, and approval as to form and legality by the County Attorney.

Adopted this 19th day of December 2019.

**FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
AMENDMENT TO THE
2019-2020 BUDGET ORDINANCE**

FROM: BUDGET & MANAGEMENT

MEETING DATE:

December 19, 2019

EXPLANATION:

The North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services, Division of Public Health, Injury and Violence Prevention Branch released a Request for Applications (#A371) titled Community Linkages to Care for Overdose Prevention and Response. The grants are only awarded to local health departments or districts.

On October 24, 2019, the Forsyth County Department Public Health applied for the Community Linkages to Care for Overdose Prevention and Response grant and received an award for \$275,000 to continue to work with Twin City Harm Reduction Collective to enhance harm reduction effort in Forsyth County and to work to expand the harm reduction education to surrounding counties. The grant award is broken up into four state fiscal years (SFY) as follows:

SFY 20 December 1, 2019 – May 31, 2020, \$50,000
 SFY 21 June 1, 2020 – May 31, 2021, \$100,000
 SFY 22 June 1, 2021 – May 31, 2022, \$100,000
 SFY 23 June 1, 2022 – August 31, 2022, \$25,000

The budget amendment request of \$50,000 is for SFY 20. The remainder of the SFY funds will be budgeted each subsequent year during the County's budgeting process.

**BE IT ORDAINED BY THE FORSYTH COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS THAT THE
FISCAL YEAR 2019-2020 BUDGET ORDINANCE IS HEREBY AMENDED AS FOLLOWS:**

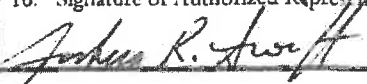
INCREASE:	<u>SECTION 1. REVENUES</u> GENERAL FUND INTERGOVERNMENTAL	<u>\$50,000</u>
INCREASE:	<u>SECTION 2. EXPENDITURES</u> GENERAL FUND PUBLIC HEALTH	<u>\$50,000</u>

NATURE OF TRANSACTION:
 Additional Revenue Available
 Transfer within Accounts of
 Same fund
 Other:

APPROVED BY BOARD OF COUNTY
 COMMISSIONERS AND ENTERED ON
 MINUTES DATED _____
 AGENDA ITEM NUMBER _____

1. Application Face Sheet/Form

This form provides basic information about the applicant and the proposed project with the Injury and Violence Prevention Branch, including the signature of the individual authorized to sign "official documents" for the agency (Scanned signatures are acceptable). This form is the application's cover page. Signature affirms that the facts contained in the applicant's response to RFA # A371 Part ___ are truthful and that the applicant is in compliance with the assurances and certifications that follow this form and acknowledges that continued compliance is a condition for the award of a contract. Please follow the instructions below.

1. Legal Name of Agency: Forsyth County Department of Public Health	
2. Name of individual with Signature Authority: Joshua Swift	
3. Mailing Address (include zip code+4): 201 North Chestnut Street Winston Salem, NC 27101-4120	
4. Address to which checks will be mailed: 201 North Chestnut Street Winston Salem, NC 27101-4120	
5. Street Address: 799 Highland Avenue Winston Salem, NC 27101-4206	
6. Contract Administrator Name: Tony Lo Giudice Title: Assistant Public Health Director	Telephone Number: 336-703-3110 Fax Number: 336-748-3292 Email Address: logiudam@forsyth.cc
7. Agency Status (check all that apply): <input type="checkbox"/> Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private Non-Profit <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Local Health Department/District	
8. Agency Federal Tax ID Number: 58-6000450	9. Agency DUNS Number: 105316439
10. Agency's URL (website): https://www.co.forsyth.nc.us/PublicHealth	
11. Agency's Financial Reporting Year: FY20	
12. Current Service Delivery Areas (county(ies) and communities): Forsyth County	
13. Proposed Area(s) To Be Served with Funding (county(ies) and communities): Forsyth, Davie, Davidson, Davie, Yadkin Stokes, and Surry	
14. Amount of Funding Requested: \$275,000	
15. Projected Expenditures: Does applicant's state and/or federal expenditures exceed \$500,000 for applicant's current fiscal year (excluding amount requested in #14) Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>	
The facts affirmed by me in this application are truthful and I warrant that the applicant is in compliance with the assurances and certifications contained in NC DHHS/DPH Assurances Certifications. I understand that the truthfulness of the facts affirmed herein and the continuing compliance with these requirements are conditions precedent to the award of a contract. The governing body of the applicant has duly authorized this document and I am authorized to represent the applicant.	
16. Signature of Authorized Representative: 	17. Date 10/24/2019

Proposal Summary

In 2017, Forsyth County had 66 unintentional opioid related deaths and recent data indicates 84 deaths year to date. Ninety-five percent of the deaths were directly related to heroin, fentanyl or fentanyl analogues. Additionally, in 2017, 247 individuals were treated in emergency rooms throughout Forsyth County for opioid related diagnoses. Forsyth County Department of Public Health works closely with the harm reduction effort. In Forsyth County, there is only one operating needle exchange facility, which is operated by Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC). In surrounding counties there are none. This proposal aims to expand TCHRCs operations to meet unmet needs of people who use drugs in Forsyth and surrounding counties (Stokes, Surry, Yadkin, Davie, and Davidson). Additionally, as part of the expansion, the grant opportunity will allow TCHRC to additionally place more focus in communities of color, LGBTQ+ communities, and other marginalized communities.

Organizational Readiness and Assessment of Need

The Forsyth County Department of Public Health is available to serve more than the county's 376,000 citizens and visitors alike. The department's mission is to promote a healthy community by leveraging community engagement and partnerships.

Forsyth County had 66 unintentional opioid related deaths in 2017 and recent data indicates 84 deaths year to date. Ninety-five percent of the deaths were directly related to heroin, fentanyl or fentanyl analogues. Additionally, in 2017, 247 individuals were treated in emergency rooms throughout Forsyth County for opioid related diagnoses.¹

The Forsyth County Department of Public Health (FCDPH) does not operate a harm reduction program. However, we are fortunate to have the Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC) operating within the county. TCHRC provides fixed site and mobile delivery syringe exchange services, treatment referrals, health education, and naloxone distribution. These services are essential to our community. Over the last 10 months, FCDPH and TCHRC have worked closely under a previous grant award to expand from operating an average of nine hours per week with dwindling resources to operating all week both stationary and mobile. This effort increased their exchange clients from 100 clients to more than 600 clients in 10 months' time. This past year, not only were 700 unique participants served but a total of around 150,000 sterile syringes and accompanying injection supplies (water ampules, alcohol wipes, cookers, cottons, etc.) were provided, and 4,000+ doses of naloxone were distributed, resulting in 386 reported overdose reversals. Also, regular testing for HIV/HCV/STIs was provided and a number of people were connected to substance use disorder (SUD) treatment.

¹ NCDHHS. (n.d.). Opioid Action Plan Data Forsyth Wide [Chart]. In NC Opioid Action Plan. Retrieved from <https://injuryfreenc.shinyapps.io/OpioidActionPlan/>.

In order to continue to expand their vital work, TCHRC in partnership with FCDPH needs to fund, additional paid staff members, and supplies.

The need for TCHRC's services cannot be understated when looking at data from Forsyth County. It is without a doubt that through expansion, unique individual participation will continue to increase and stronger relationships can develop with existing clients. The partnership with TCHRC and FCDPH has already demonstrated 6X increase in exchange participants over 10 months. Research has clearly indicated that needle exchange participants are five times more likely to enter drug treatment programs than non-participants. Providing more support to our local syringe exchange program will allow the program to influence more people towards a path of treatment.²

The Forsyth County Department of Public Health and Twin City Harm Reduction Collective have partnered well over the last few years. The health department has been able to provide HIV/Hepatitis/STI testing at the collective's fixed needle exchange site. This is significant because three quarters of the population tested at the exchange thus far have been Hep C positive, including many who also tested positive for chlamydia and gonorrhea. Our communicable disease team has also worked side by side with TCHRC to mitigate Hepatitis A clusters among drug users. Additionally, when applicable, both agencies work in coordination with Forsyth EMS to bring awareness, education, networking, and referrals via a countywide opioid task force.

TCHRC has reported seeing an increase in people coming in from surrounding counties seeking services in Winston Salem proper. The data regards the five counties adjacent to Forsyth County as having higher overdose mortality rates³, four had higher HCV rates⁴, and the Infectious Disease department at Baptist Hospital reported treating a significant increase of injection-related endocarditis cases coming from three of the five surrounding counties.⁵

Although great strides have been made in the past 10 months, FCDPH and TCHRC noted three needs for improvement. The first being coordinated expansion starting with harm reduction education outreach to neighboring counties (Stokes, Surry, Yadkin, Davie, and Davidson). The second need is a more concentrated effort on communities of color, LGBTQ+ communities, and other marginalized communities. The third, even though this will fall in line if the other two approaches are met, is the continuation of expanding the client base.

² Hagan H, McGough JP, Thiede H, Hopkins S, Duchin J, Alexander ER., "Reduced injection frequency and increased entry and retention in drug treatment associated with needle-exchange participation in Seattle drug injectors," *Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment*, vol. 19, 2000, p. 247-252.

³ Injury and Violence Prevention Branch Poisoning Data. (2019, July 15). Retrieved from: <https://www.injuryfreenc.ncdhhs.gov/DataSurveillance/Poisoning.htm>

⁴ North Carolina Disease Data Dashboard: Communicable Disease Statistics. (2019, January 11). Retrieved from <https://public.tableau.com/profile/nc.cdb#!/vizhome/NCD3>

[NorthCarolinaDiseaseDataDashboard/DiseaseMapsandTrends](https://public.tableau.com/profile/nc.cdb#!/vizhome/NCD3)

⁵ Barnes, E. PhD. (2019, February 20). Personal interview.

Project Description and Sustainability

The primary strategy is strategy 1 Part A, "Develop and Expand Syringe Exchange Programs". Utilizing this funding, FCDPH and TCHRC will continue to work towards increased harm reduction services, education, and community engagement in Forsyth, Davie, Davidson, Stokes, Surry, and Yadkin Counties.

First, if awarded the plan is for both public health and TCHRC to start dialogue and education outreach to the surrounding counties' municipal agencies to begin to develop educational rapport. This will likely include, local sheriff's offices, public health departments, EMS, fire, governing bodies, public managers, police, and social services. The second part of the plan is once, from an education standpoint, all stakeholders are satisfied we then work with them to bring harm reduction services to their respective jurisdiction at the level of their comfort and choosing.

The third part of the project is to hire an outreach worker to focus on marginalized communities and groups. This approach will enable the team to provide expansion services to a greater number of people who use drugs.

The timeline for the project: we anticipate that once awarded it will take approximately 3-5 weeks for the county commissioners to vote to accept the award and amend the fiscal year budget. For this grant's purpose, Twin City Harm Reduction Collective will become a subcontractor to Forsyth County Department of Public Health. Forsyth County already has an existing contract that outlines TCHRC grant responsibilities, operating budget-- mirroring the state's budget template format--data collection methods, program measurement, timeline, and deliverables, so contractually the process will likely be seamless with the new grant award. TCHRC believes they can hire a community worker within 3 weeks of the grant award to immediately begin the expanded community focus and the surrounding county educational component.

TCHRC has a proven track-record of increasing access to Harm Reduction supplies, support and education for people who use drugs, as well as to myriad resources they may need ranging from food to housing to treatment. Additionally, partnered with FCDPH HIV, HCV, and STI testing is occurring at the exchanges. These kinds of Harm Reduction strategies (sterile supplies, naloxone, connection to SUD treatment, etc.) have been shown to reduce fatal and non-fatal overdoses; reduce HIV, HCV, and STI transmission rates⁶; decrease the number of

⁶ National Institutes of Health Consensus Panel, Interventions to Prevent HIV Risk Behaviors (Kensington, MD: NIH Consensus Program Information Center, February 1997), p. 6

improperly discarded syringes; decrease needle sticks to law enforcement¹¹; and get people connected to SUD treatment efficiently and effectively.^{7,8}

From a sustainability perspective, TCHRC will be able to maintain a minimum staffing with minor retraction based on a recent HepConnect grant award for only the next 18 months. The reason this is significant is twofold. Currently TCHRC is operating under Green Street Church, with the church serving as its fiscal agent. TCHRC, however, will soon obtain its 501c3 status and be independent of Greene Street. Once non-profit status is achieved, TCHRC will need to begin to fundraise to support operations beyond the life of the grant award. In order to fundraise effectively, expansion through the grant is necessary to prove that by increasing hours, outreach, connections, and by utilizing robust program measures this effort will help make the case the need to sustain expanded operations. Additionally, the grant will offset current expenditures, which will aid in prolonging the current model of operation.

Additionally--as part of the strategy that is outside the scope of this grant--a grant award will help with program expandable stability for the next few years. Because the operations will be stably expanding, TCHRC from an innovative standpoint will look to start planning with the local medical providers and other stakeholders (EMS, housing, non-other nonprofits) to start medication assistant treatment services deriving from the exchange. The innovation planning is suggested to be a grassroots approach to enhance the harm reduction effort.

All in all, the expansion of the Twin City Harm Reduction Collective's operations aims to expand to reduce opioid related death by making naloxone more widely available; connect with marginalized communities and groups; start an education dialogue with surrounding counties; encourage participants to treatment options through peer support and education; reduce infections and the spread of disease; and strengthen existing community referral networks.

Evidence of Collaborations/Partnerships

The collaborating organizations for this project are the Forsyth County Department of Public Health, Faith Health, Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC), and Green Street Church.

The Forsyth County Department of Public Health and Twin City Harm Reduction Collective have partnered well over the last few years. The health department has been able to provide HIV/Hepatitis/STI testing at the collective's fixed needle exchange site. This is significant because three quarters of the population tested at the exchange thus far have been Hep C

⁷ Hagan H, McGough JP, Thiede H, Hopkins S, Duchin J, Alexander ER., "Reduced injection frequency and increased entry and retention in drug treatment associated with needle-exchange participation in Seattle drug injectors," *Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment*, vol. 19, 2000, p. 247-252.

⁸ Oliver KJ, Friedman SR, Maynard H, Magnuson L, Des Jarlais DC. 1992. Impact of a needle exchange program on potentially infectious syringes in public places. *Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes* 5: 534-535.

positive, including many who also tested positive for chlamydia and gonorrhea. Our communicable disease team has also worked side by side with TCHRC to mitigate Hepatitis A clusters among drug users. Additionally, when applicable, both agencies work in coordination with Forsyth EMS and the Forsyth County's Opioid Task Force.

Additionally, TCHRC also engages with many community partners to advance the collaborative work of harm reduction. Expanding the capacity of the services offered by TCHRC increases their ability to collaborate with their community partners, including: North Carolina Harm Reduction Coalition (NCHRC), Urban Survivors Union (USU), The Shalom Project, Addiction Recovery Care Association (ARCA), Insight Human Services, and Wake Forest Baptist Health.

The Shalom Project is located in the same building as Twin City Harm Reduction Collective. This allows clients coming to the syringe exchange to subsequently receive services from the Shalom Project, which include a food bank, a free medical clinic, clothing, and meals on Wednesdays.

ARCA, Insight Human Services, and TCHRC also have an established collaboration in which TCHRC teaches classes on HIV/HCV/STI prevention, harm reduction, and overdose prevention to those in treatment at ARCA and Insight facilities. ARCA and Insight have also agreed to prioritize TCHRC clients that are seeking treatment and need to be in-patient immediately.

Additionally, interns from Wake Forest Medical School have been volunteering at the needle exchange, and we anticipate their volunteer presence to increase with a program expansion.

Performance Measures/Evaluation Plan

The evaluation metrics used by TCHRC to capture their work go beyond what the state requires. These include: number of sterile supplies for safer drug use distributed; number of naloxone kits distributed; number of clients provided with education pertaining to HIV, HCV & STD transmission; safe injection practices, and overdose prevention; number of clients provided with peer counseling; recovery coaching, and case management for current and former drug users and sex workers; number of referrals made along with number of actual linkage to treatment options; number of referrals and linkage to community resources; education outreach hours and participants; pre-post testing for knowledge retention from education events; and, number of persons testing for HIV, HCV, & STI's; number of persons linked to care who test positive for HIV, HCV & STI's.

Additionally, TCHRC will collect de-identified data which is reported in aggregate percentages annually. These include: frequency of persons visits to the program; percentage of new enrollees; number of self-reported overdoses; self-reports on naloxone kit usage if they have received one prior; and, encounters or stays in local hospitals since last visit. To annually assess program success, Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC) also assesses external community health indicators and other publically reported metrics available from places such as the FC Sheriff Department, County Jail, and the Opioid Task Force.

The Forsyth County Department of Public Health (FCDPH) will continue to track STI tests with results from Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC). Doing so will allow us to ensure we are getting an increased amount of tests and working towards our objective of increasing linkages to STI care.

Finally, for a qualitative approach, FCDPH has assigned its graduate student interns with George Washing University, a university researcher, and the FCDPH epidemiologist to work on

a program evaluation that identifies barriers exchange participants encounter, as well as stigma to obtaining treatment. This qualitative program evaluation began in August and will be conducted over the next 6-8 months. If barriers or stigma is identified, TCHRC and FCDPH can then apply stratified realignment based on the results.

RFA A371 Budget Template – CLC

APPLICANT NAME:

Part:

Budget Categories (A)	Amount(B)	Amount(C)	Narrative(D)
<p>*Note: This application only requires budget estimates for SFY 20 and 21. Budgets for SFY 22 and 23 will be requested later.*</p>			
Human Resources			
Salary/Wages			
(TBD), Public Health Educator II			
Name 2, Position title	\$ 1,932.00	\$ 3,865.00	For public health educator II to work with subcontractor and manage grant activity
Fringe Benefits			
(TBD) Public Health Educator II			
Name 2, Position title	\$ 610.00	\$ 1,220.00	For public health educator II to work with subcontractor and manage grant activity
Other			
Technical assistance provider			
Subject matter expert			
Human Resources Subtotal:	\$ 2,542.00	\$ 5,085.00	
Operational Expenses			
Supplies and Materials			
Eligible syringe exchange supplies			
Supplies and Materials Subtotal:	\$ -	\$ -	
Travel			
Travel Subtotal:	\$ -	\$ -	
Utilities			
Gas			
Electricity			
Telephone			
Water			
Other			
Utilities Subtotal:	\$ -	\$ -	
Staff Development			
Utilities Subtotal:	\$ -	\$ -	

Twin City Harm Reduction Collective

639 S. Green St.

Winston Salem, NC 27101

Phone (336) 529-4492

October 24, 2019

To Whom It May Concern,

This is a letter of commitment from the Twin City Harm Reduction Collective regarding the RFA #371 Proposal being submitted by the Forsyth County Department of Public Health. As the primary recipients of the funding that will potentially come from this proposal, we would like to commit to providing the services outlined in the request. Utilizing the money from this RFA, TCHRC will be able to significantly expand harm reduction services, education, and community engagement. We will be able to: double the hours that our fixed-site exchange is open; expand our delivery hours by three times as well as our delivery area to include all of Forsyth County; improve and expand services to marginalized communities by dedicating a FT outreach worker to target outreach to disproportionately-marginalized populations (black, brown, LGBTQ+, etc.); and so much more. These expanded harm reduction services offered will include, but are not limited to:

- Distribution of sterile supplies for safer drug use
- Distribution of naloxone to people at risk of overdose
- Education on HIV, HCV, and STD transmission, safe injection practices, and overdose prevention
- Peer counseling and recovery coaching for current and former drug users
- Referrals and linkage to treatment options ranging from mental health services to medication assisted treatment (methadone, Suboxone/buprenorphine, Vivitrol, etc.) and from detox to long-term inpatient treatment
- Referrals and linkage to community resources such as healthcare, food and nutritional assistance, housing resources, clothing resources, job training, and more
- Testing for HIV, HCV, and STI's
- Linkage to care for those who test positive for HIV, HCV, and STI's

TCHRC will also continue to lead community efforts to combat the opioid epidemic and advocate for policies and strategies on a local and state level that will positively affect people directly impacted by drug use, sex work, and other often-stigmatized behaviors. We have had a good relationship with the Forsyth County Department of Public Health since our inception nearly two years ago and are excited for what the future will bring. Please call me at (336) 695-6097 if you have any questions and thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,



Colin Miller
Organizer/Educator/Co-Founder
Twin City Harm Reduction Collective

October 23, 2019

Dear Sirs:

This letter is offered for support of and commitment to the Forsyth County Health Department's application, *RFA #371 Community Linkages to Care for Overdose Prevention and Response*.

The work that is outlined in this RFA truly represents an impressive community collaboration, involving the Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC), Green Street United Methodist Church, The Shalom Project, the Forsyth County Health Department, and our group, Wake Forest Baptist Health's FaithHealth Division.

FaithHealth's role in supporting TCHRC entails having representation on the steering committee to help build and strengthen the program's infrastructure and seeking volunteers to aid in this most important work. Funding through the local health department will help the TCHRC to sustain their exemplary efforts, while expanding their reach to the many drug users in need of harm reduction.

Utilizing the money from this RFA, the Forsyth County Health Department and TCHRC will be able to significantly expand harm reduction services, education, and community engagement. They will be able to greatly expand the hours that their fixed-site exchange is open and also expand their mobile and peer-to-peer services. The expanded harm reduction services offered will include, but are not limited to:

- Distribution of sterile supplies for safer drug use
- Distribution of Naloxone to people at risk of overdose
- Education on HIV, HCV, and STD transmission, safe injection practices, and overdose prevention
- Peer counseling and recovery coaching for current and former drug users
- Referrals and linkage to treatment options ranging from mental health services to medication-assisted treatment (Methadone, Suboxone/Buprenorphine, Vivitrol, etc.) and from detox to long-term inpatient treatment
- Referrals and linkage to community resources such as healthcare, food and nutritional assistance, housing resources, clothing resources, job training, and more
- Testing for HIV, HCV, and STD's
- Linkage to care for those who test positive for HIV, HCV, and STD's

In the past year, we have seen this work gain credibility and reach, making us glad to be associated with such an extraordinary team of skilled and dedicated people. Their work has saved many lives and given many the hope of recovery. Thus, we are honored to continue in partnership with them and your offices.

Sincerely,



Gary R. Gunderson, MDiv, DMin
Vice President-FaithHealth Division



**JOINT PROGRAMS
IN
SOCIAL WORK**



Department of Social Work, Stone 269, PO Box 26170 Greensboro NC 27402-6170

October 18, 2019

Dear Review Committee:

On behalf of Guilford County Solution to the Opioid Problem Programs (GCSTOP), I am providing this letter to show our support for the **Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC)** proposal for Part A of the Emergency Overdose: Local Mitigation to the Opioid Crisis for Local Health Departments and Districts Grant, Strategy #1 Developing and expanding SEP. This funding from NC DHHS, Injury and Violence Prevention Branch is needed in the areas that TCHRC serves to support community-based strategies to prevent fatal and non-fatal opioid overdoses, increase access and linkage to care services.

GCSTOP is a network of opiate programs including a syringe exchange program registered with the NC Department of Public Health that serves residents of Guilford County with a history of overdose or at risk of overdosing. The program was initiated with funding from the State General Assembly to Guilford County's Emergency Services Department to address the County's increasing incidence of opioid overdoses and opioid related deaths. The funding has been used to support the development and initial implementation of a Rapid Response Team intervention, open syringe exchange sites, offer harm-reduction training, and provide community overdose response education. Our organizations serve together on our local addiction prevention coalition, CURE Triad. This partnership grew and now it also includes UNC-Greensboro (where GCSTOP is housed) and Guilford County Emergency Services.

With funding from RFA A371, Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC) hopes to expand their current SEP efforts so as to further reduce the likelihood of overdose and decrease the number of fatal overdoses. Based on the project description, we believe that adding their proposal will benefit their current and future participants and add important sustainment funding for their current and expansion efforts.

GCSTOP values the work Twin City Harm Reduction Collective (TCHRC) does to protect our community's health and appreciates our partnership to protect our community, promote healthy behaviors and prevent negative outcomes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Melissa Floyd-Pickard".

Dr. Melissa Floyd-Pickard
Professor and Chair
Social Work Department at UNCG
Principle Investigator on Guilford County Solution to the Opioid Problem (GCSTOP) Programs